#### LAB

#### NUMA Control for Hybrid Applications

#### T

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# What you will learn

- Using numactl in execution of serial, MPI and a 2x# (2 tasks each with # threads) hybrid code
- For on site users, untar the file numahybrid.tar
  - cd (Start in your home directory.)
  - tar xvf ~train00/numahybrid.tar(extract files)
  - cd numahybrid
- For remote users, download the lab\_numahybrid\_external.tar, and refer the README in it about how to experiment numactl on your local system.





### numactl\_serial on Stampede

The memory intensive daxpy code is run on two different sockets using local, interleave and off-socket-memory policies. See the job script and the table on the next page for the numactl options. Run the job and report the times and relative performance.

- Change directory to numactl\_serial: \$ cd numactl\_serial
- Compile the dapxy program:
  \$ make
- Launch the batch job:

\$ sbatch job





## numactl\_serial on Stampede

#### • From the job output fill in the table.

Command	Time (secs)
no numactl options	
numactl -Iphyscpubind 0	
numactl -Iphyscpubind 3	
numactl -Iphyscpubind 8	
numactl -Iphyscpubind 11	
numactl -i allphyscpubind 0	
numactl -i allphyscpubind 3	
numactl -i allphyscpubind 8	
numactl -i allphyscpubind 11	
numactl -m 1physcpubind 6	
numactl -m 0physcpubind 9	

Rank the performance of no numactl options, local, interleave, and off-socket-memory policies.



Why?





### numactl\_2x1, 2x2 on Stampede

The daxpy code is run as 2 tasks in a node (2x1) and 2 tasks with 2 threads in a node(2x2).

- Change the corresponding directory: \$ cd numactl\_2x1 or numactl\_2x2
- Compile the hybrid\_dapxy program: \$ make
- Launch the batch job:
  - \$ sbatch job





### numactl\_2x1, 2x2 on Stampede

#### • From the job output fill in the table.

Commond	Time (secs)	
Command	2x1	2x2
no numactl options		
numactl -l		
numactl -i all		
numactl tacc_affinity		

• Rank the performance for each case

Rank	2x1	2x2
1		
2		
3		
4		





### numactl\_2x1, 2x2 on Stampede

• Repeat the previous two steps a few times and try to interpret the ranking

Rank	2x1	2x2
1		
2		
3		
4		

Rank	2x1	2x2
1		
2		
3		
4		

Rank	2x1	2x2
1		
2		
3		
4		

Rank	2x1	2x2
1		
2		
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