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Lab 1

Stampede Orientation

TACC

THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT AUSTIN

Part 0 – Grab the Lab Files

- Login to Stampede

```
$ ssh <username>@stampede.tacc.utexas.edu
```

- Change to your $WORK directory:

```
$ cdw
$ pwd
$ module list
```

- Untar the file lab1.tar file (in ~train00) into your directory:

```
$ tar xvf ~train00/lab1.tar
```

- Move into the newly created lab1 directory:

```
$ cd lab1 # first char is lower case "L"; last is a one
$ pwd
$ ls
```

Part 1 – Run an MPI Batch Job (sbatch)

- Compile the mpipi program:

```
$ mpicc mpipi.c -o mpipi
```

- Open the batch script in an editor to see if you need to change it:

```
$ nano lab1batch    # or vi, or emacs, or just cat lab1batch
```

<< you shouldn't need any changes >>

- Launch the batch job

```
$ sbatch lab1batch
```

- Monitor the job's status (when done, command will return nothing):

```
$ squeue -u <username>
$ showq | more     # hit space bar to advance
$ squeue | more    # hit space bar to advance
```

- When job completes, take a look at results:

```
$ ls                       # Note presence/names of output files
$ more mpipi.xxxxx.out     # "xxxxx" is your job's jobid
$ more mpipi.xxxxx.err     # "xxxxx" is your job's jobid
```

Part 2 – An Interactive Session (srun)

- Launch a one-node interactive session in the development queue

```
$ srun -n 16 -t 00:15:00 -p development --pty /bin/bash -l
      # last char is lower case "el"
```

  if system asks for a project code, modify the call by adding the following flag (it must occur before /bin/bash):

```
-A 20131117HPC
```

- When session begins, compile hello.F90* from compute node:

```
$ ifort -openmp hello.F90 -o hello
```

- Run the code:

```
$ ./hello     # you're on a compute node, not a login node
```

- Set OpenMP threads and try again

```
$ export OMP_NUM_THREADS=4
$ ./hello
```

*Note: the capital "F" in the suffix allows the compiler to interpret correctly the macros in the source code. If the suffix were "f90" the compilation would require a "-cpp" flag.

Part 3 – Run MIC App from the Host

- While on the compute node, recompile to produce "native MIC" code (compilers are not visible from the MIC):

```
$ ifort -mmic -openmp hello.F90 -o helloMIC
```

- Launch the MIC code from the host:

```
$ ./helloMIC
```

Note: the program reports 244 “processors” because each MIC core has four hardware threads. It may not be efficient to run this many threads.

- From the host, modify the MIC thread count and try again:

```
$ export MIC_OMP_NUM_THREADS=60
$ export MIC_ENV_PREFIX=MIC
$ ./helloMIC
```

Part 4 – Visit the MIC

- First note the full path to your working directory:

```
$ echo $WORK  # you'll need this info when you get to the MIC
```

- Go the MIC using ssh:

```
$ ssh mic0    # the "zero" identifies the MIC card
```

- Move into the lab1 directory with explicit cd (alias and env variable not avail):

```
$ cd /work/01875/djames    # replace with your own path
$ cd lab1
```

- Run your MIC code:

```
$ ./helloMIC
```

- Change the MIC's thread count and run code again (don't use "MIC" prefix):

```
$ export OMP_NUM_THREADS=25
$ ./helloMIC
```

- Return to host, then end srun session as desired:

```
$ exit    # to return to host
$ exit    # to end srun session
```